

QA-488
-T-529
ELSWORTH (skipjack)
Tilghman, Maryland

ELSWORTH is a 39.9' long two-sail bateau, or V-bottomed deadrise type of centerboard sloop, commonly referred to as a skipjack. She has a beam of 14.3', a depth of 3.1', and a gross registered tonnage of 8. She carries a typical skipjack rig of a jibheaded mainsail and a single large jib with a club on its foot. Built in 1901 in Hudson, Maryland following traditional Bay design and construction methods, ELSWORTH is significant as being one of the 35 surviving traditional Chesapeake Bay skipjacks and a member of the last commercial sailing fleet in the United States. ELSWORTH is of special interest as being one of the oldest skipjacks still working in the dredging fleet and one of the 19 surviving skipjacks built previous to 1912.

## Easement

QA-488

(K-662)

Survey No. (T-529)

DOE \_\_yes \_x\_no

Magi No.

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

CHESAPEAKE BAY SKIPJACK FLEET THEMATIC GROUP

1. Name	(indicate pref	erred name)		,
historicELSWO1	RTH			
and/or common	ekipjack	1		· ·
2. Locati	on			
street & number	(Gibsontown Road	relocated to W	horton vic., Ken	t Co.) 1989 a_not for publication
city, town Tilgi	nma <b>n</b>	n <u>/a</u> vicinity of	congressional district	First
state Mary	land 024	county	Talbot 041	
3. Classi	fication	1		
districtbuilding(s) _Xstructuresitepuisobject	nership public private both blic Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	Status  Z occupied  unoccupled  work in progress Accessible  X yes: restricted  yes: unrestricted  no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
name Robert Wi	of Propert	:	nd mailing addresse	
street & number	1 ah		telephone no	
ony, town	on of Legal		and zip code Mary	land 21671
courthouse, registry o		·		liber
street & number				folio
city, town			state	
6. Repres	entation ir	n Existing	Historical Surv	eys
titie Survey o	f Surviving Tradit	ional Chesapeake	Bay Craft	
date 1983-198	84		federal state	countylocal
depository for survey	records Maryland	Historic Trust, 2		
city, town	Annapolis		state	MD 21401

## 7. Description

Survey No. (T-529) QA-488

Condition excellent deteriorated good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unaltered x altered	Check one n/a original s moved	ite date of move	n/a
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Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This vessel is 39.9' long, two-sail bateau, or V-bottom deadrise centerboard sloop, commonly referred to as a skipjack. She has a beam of 14.3', a depth of 3.1', and a gross registered tonnage of 8 tons. She was built in 1901 in Hudson, Maryland for the oyster dredge fleet. She carries a typical skipjack rig--a single, slightly raking mast with a boom jawed to it and a jib-headed mainsail laced to the boom and carried on wood hoops at the mast, and a club-footed jib, rigged to a long bowsprit. The wooden hull is painted white.

In shape the vessel has a raking, longhead bow and a well-tucked transom stern with little rake and a slightly curved top. The rudder is carried inboard, entirely below the waterline. The hull shows more free oard than some. It has metal sheathing at the waterline and a dark sheer stripe below the sheer-level rubrail on the hull.

The vessel is flush-decked, with several deck structures. From the stern forward, these include: a box over the steering gear; a main trunk cabin topped with a "doghouse" with three large windows (added to the original trunk cabin for the skipper's ease in steering and comfort); a small hatch; a tall box over the winders; a main cargo hatch; a cuddy with a slide on the foredeck. The deck is surrounded by a short taffrail except at the midships dredge-roller area; this rail is surmounted be a pipe safety rail around the stern quarter and forward of the work area. Other fittings include iron-pipe davits for the pushboat, which hangs suspended over the stern; and a sampson post with a capstan on the foredeck.

The single mast is set up with triple shrouds and deadeyes, with a topping lift to the end of the boom and lazyjacks for furling the mainsail. The squared-off bowsprit has a double chain bobstay and chain bowsprit shrouds. Rigged to it are a forestay, jibstay, and lazyjacks for jib.

Decorations include the name LELSWORTH in large black letters on the sheer at the bow, and trailboards mounted on the longhead. These have the vessel's name in gilded letters on a black ground, with green leaves and vines. There is a small red-painted sphere at the masthead.

## 8. Significance

Survey No. (T-529) QA-488

Period preh 1400 1500 1600 1800 x 1900	)-1499 )-1599 )-1699 )-1799 )-1899	Areas of Significance archeology-prehist archeology-historic agriculture architecture art Scommerce communications	or <b>ic</b>	ext ecc edu enc cor	nmunity nservation nomics ncation pineerin pioration ustry	y planni ion s	ng	law lite mil mu	rature Itary sic losophy	,		religion science sculptur social/ humanit theater X transpor	arlan
Specific	dates	1901		Builder	/Archi	lect	Mit	chell	Hubba	rd; I	Robert	Thomas,	William
check:	ar Appli	icable Criteria: nd/or icable Exception: of Significance:	A	B	C	D		F _local		x	none		Seward

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

This vessel is significant as being one of the 35 surviving traditional Chesapeake Bay skipjacks and a member of the last commercial sailing fleet in the United States. Out of a fleet of hundreds of skipjacks that worked Bay waters in the early years of this century, today only this small number remain to carry on the tradition of working sail.

The skipjack evolved as a distinct type of Bay vessel in the 1890's as a cheaper-to-construct alternative to the earlier bugeyes and other traditional framed craft, in a period when shipbuilding costs were rising and the oyster catch was diminishing. The type was devised by enlarging (to 25 to 60 feet) the hull of the ordinary, unframed, square-sterned Bay crabbing skiff, and giving it a deadrise bottom, a deck, a cabin, and a sloop rig. The result—with its unframed, hard chine, cross-planked, V-bottom—proved inexpensive to build, easy to repair, and could be constructed by a competent house carpenter. Skipjacks were specifically designed as oyster dredge boats, with wide deams and low free-board lending stability and providing a large working space on deck. The single masted rig, with sharp-headed mainsail and large jib, was easy to handle, powerful in light winds, and handy in coming about quickly for another pass over the oyster beds.

The Maryland oyster season begins November 1 and ends March 15. Skipjacks must dredge under sail on all day except Mondays and Tuesdays, when they are allowed to use their motorized pushboard for dredging. The bushboat, normally carred on davits at the stern, is lowered into the water and litereally "pushes" the skipjack along from behind, the nose of the pushboat resting against a "jig" on the stern of the skipjack. The pushboat can also legally be used to get the skipjack to and from the oyster beds each day. Each skipjack's crew is made up of the captain, who is often also the owner, and five crew members.

ELSWORTH is of interest as being one of the older skipjacks still dredging in the Chesapeake fleet. She was built in 1901 in Hudson, Maryland by Mitchell Hubbard, assisted by Robert Thomas and William Seward, following traditional Bay-area design and construction methods. The vessel was commissioned by Hilary Wingate and named for Joseph Elsworth Wingate his son. ELSWORTH was skippered for a time by the "boy captain," Darryl Larrimore, who when he became skipper in 1978 was the youngest on the Bay and in his mid-twenties. The vessel currently works out of Tilghman Island. ELSWORTH is one of the 24 surviving working skipjacks to have been built previous to 1912, although, like the other members of the fleet, she has been much repaired over the years. A recent addition is a "doghouse" added to her trunk cabin, an improvement designed to make the helm more comfortable for the skipper.

See Thematic G. Ip nomination cover form, ontinuation Sheets No. 8-13.

10. Geog	raphical Data			
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11. Form	repared By			
	Witty/ M. E. Hayward			
Radc1 organization Mary1	iffe Maritime Museum and Historical Societ	y date	May, 1984	
street & number 201	West Monument Street	teleph	one (301) 685	5-3750
city or town Baltim	ore	state	Maryland 21	201
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The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
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